

Challenges and Opportunities in Development of Therapeutics for MASH After Liver Transplant



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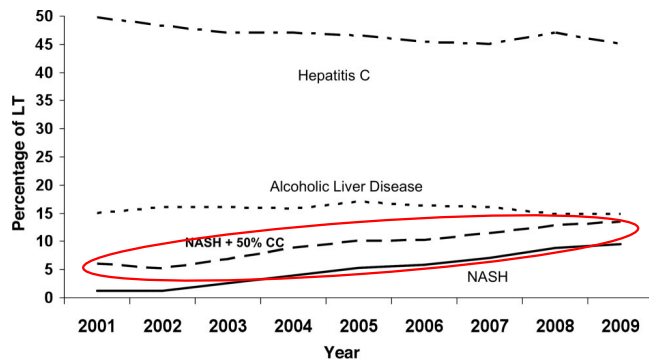
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School of Medicine

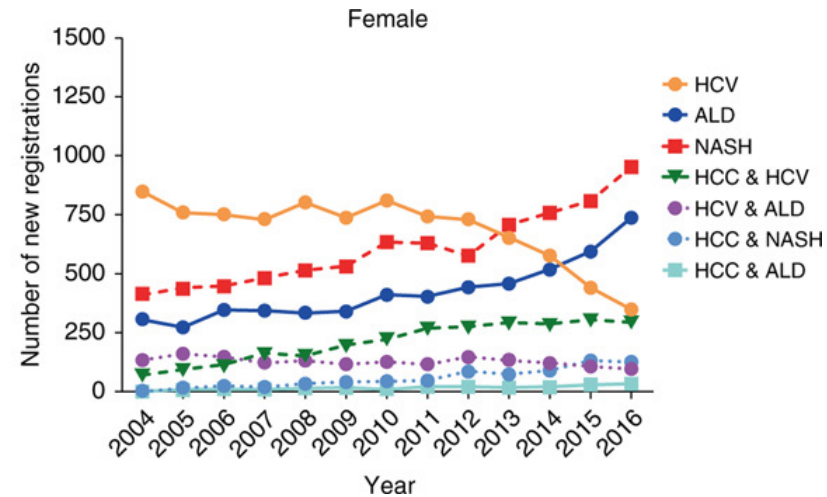
Conflict of Interest Disclosures

- Advisory board: AMRA Medical
- Data Safety Monitoring Board: Sagimet
- NovoNordisk

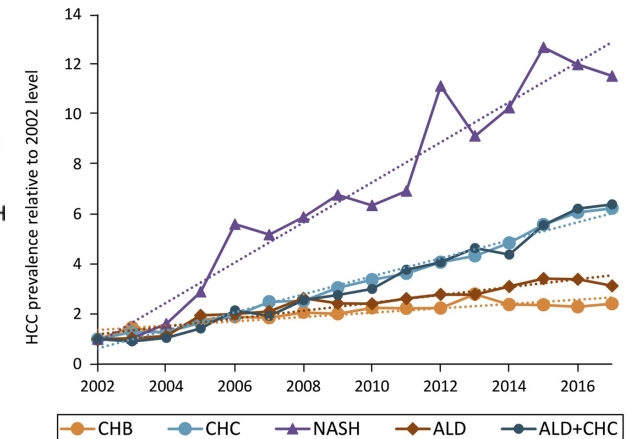
MASH Cirrhosis is an Important Indication for Liver Transplantation



Charlton et al. Gastroenterology. 2012



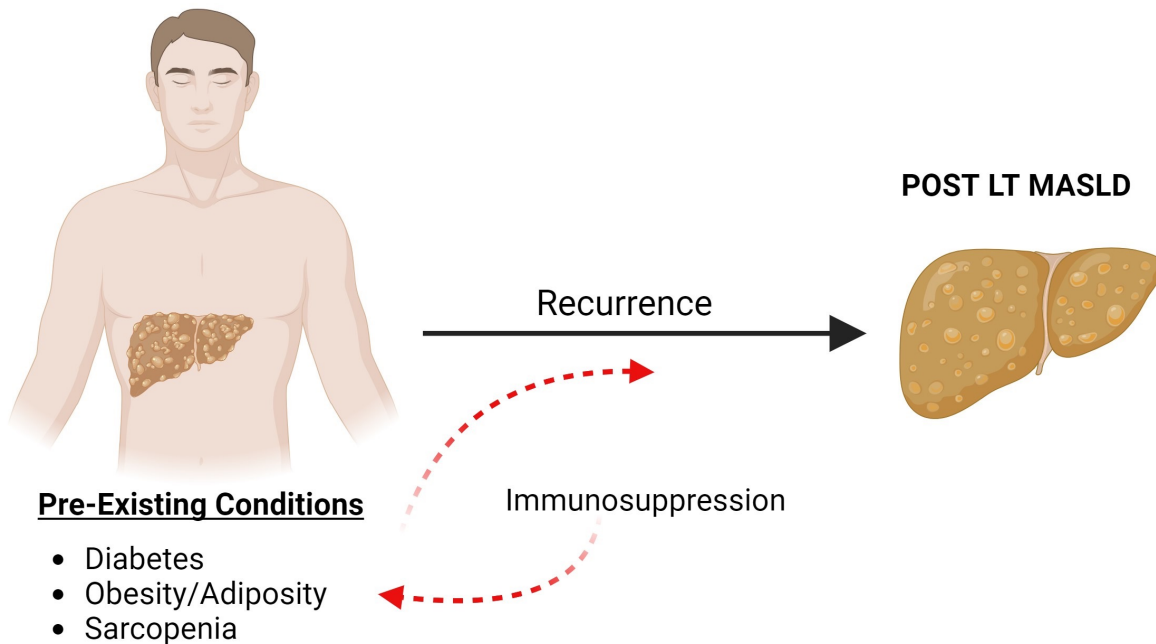
Noureddin et. al. Am J Gastro 2018



Younossi et. al. CGH 2019

Recurrence Vs. De Novo MASLD Following Transplant

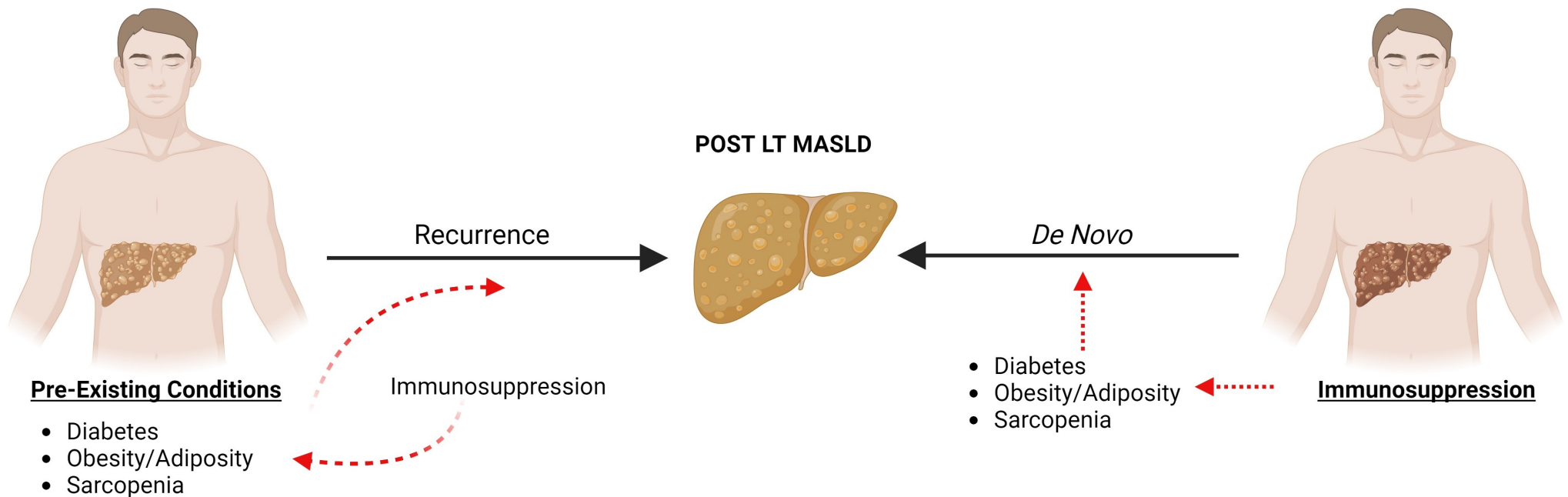
MASH Cirrhosis



Recurrence Vs. De Novo MASLD Following Transplant

MASH Cirrhosis

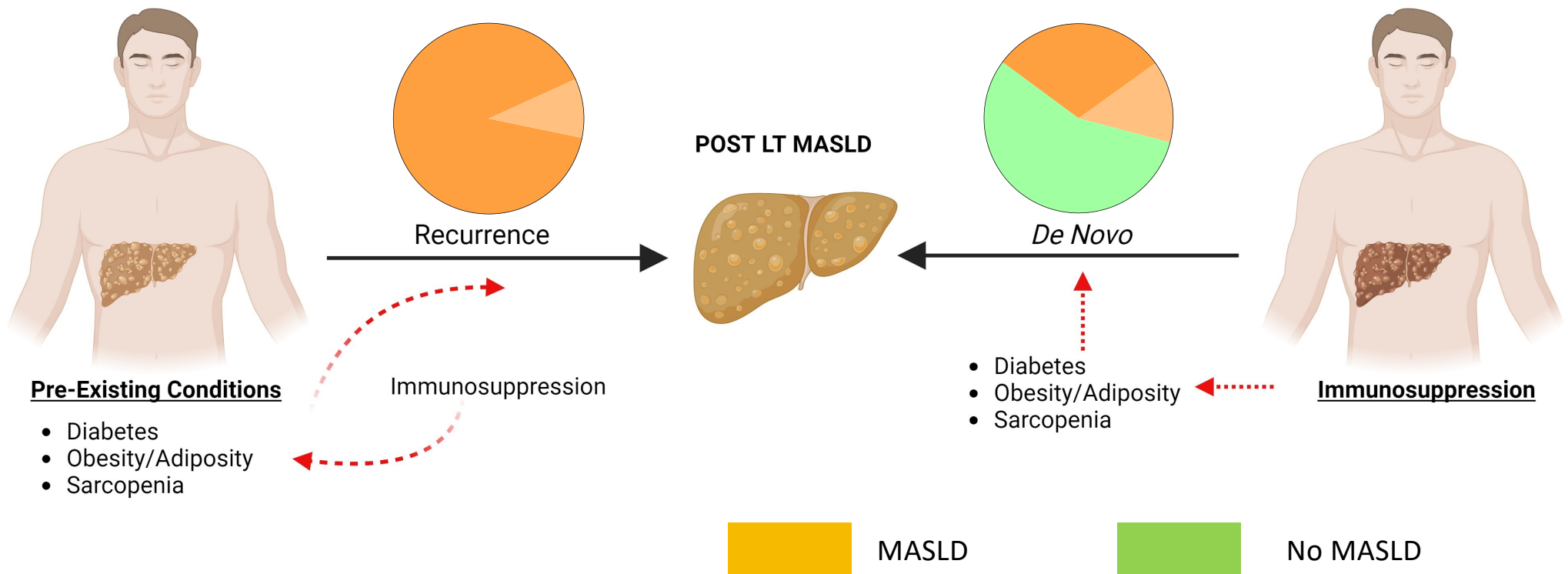
Non-MASH Cirrhosis



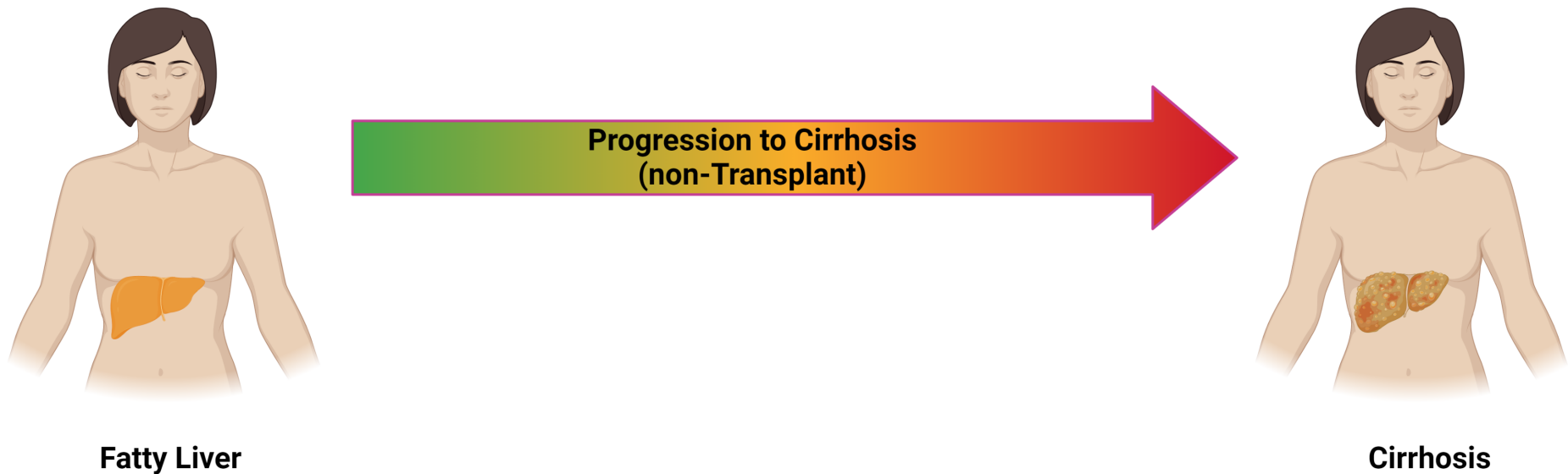
Recurrence Vs. De Novo MASLD Following Transplant

MASH Cirrhosis

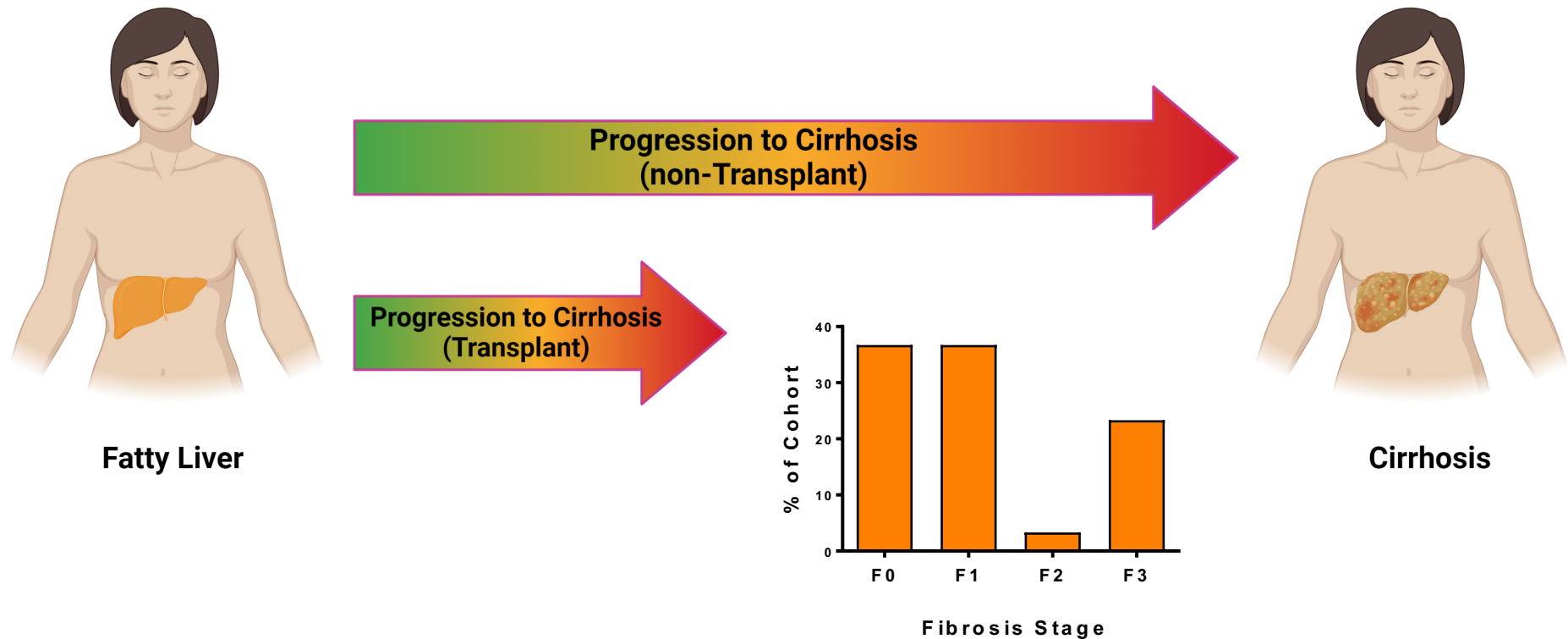
Non-MASH Cirrhosis



Fibrosis Progression is Accelerated After Transplant

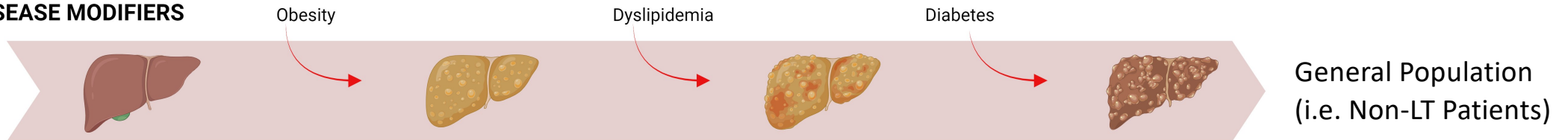


Fibrosis Progression is Accelerated After Transplant



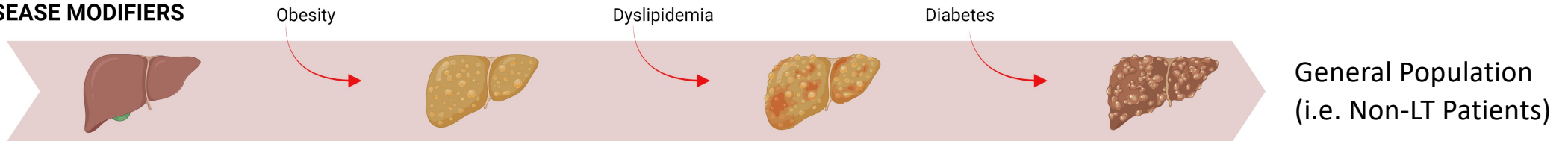
Understanding Rationale for Study Design

DISEASE MODIFIERS

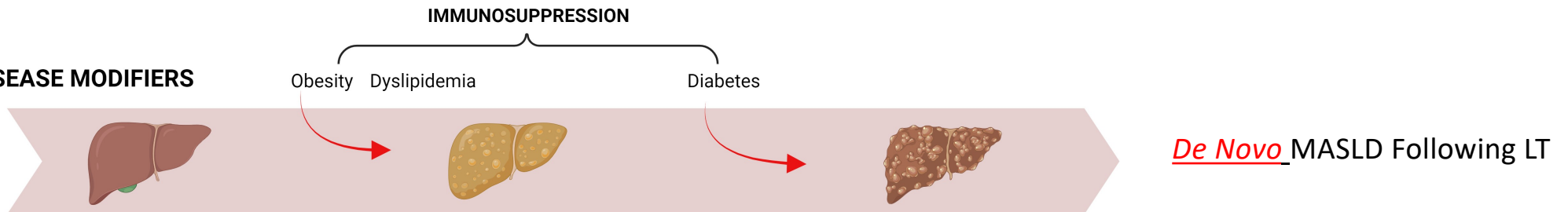


Understanding Rationale for Study Design

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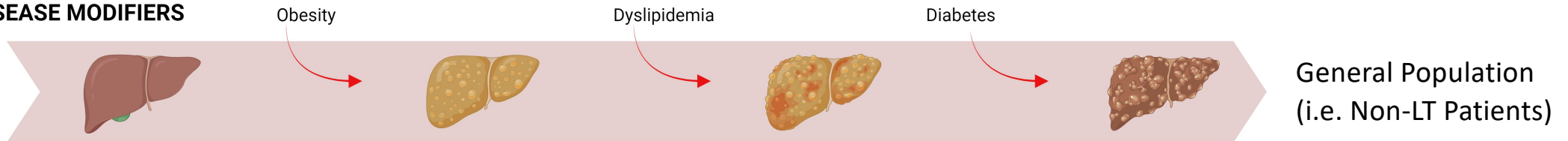


DISEASE MODIFIERS

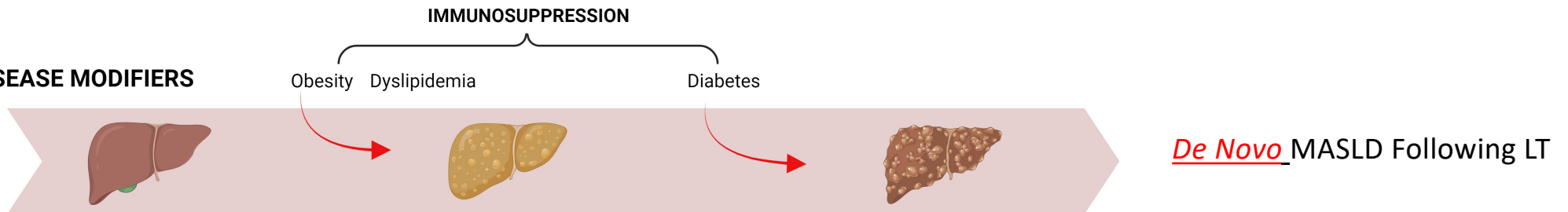


Understanding Rationale for Study Design

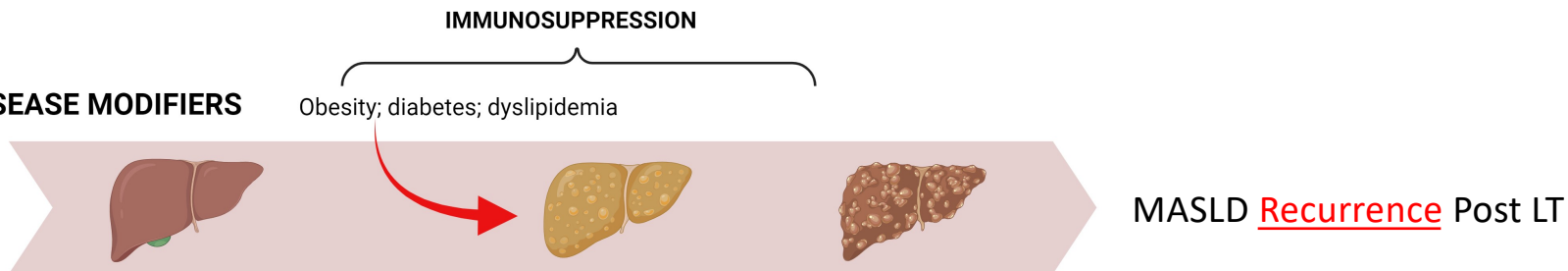
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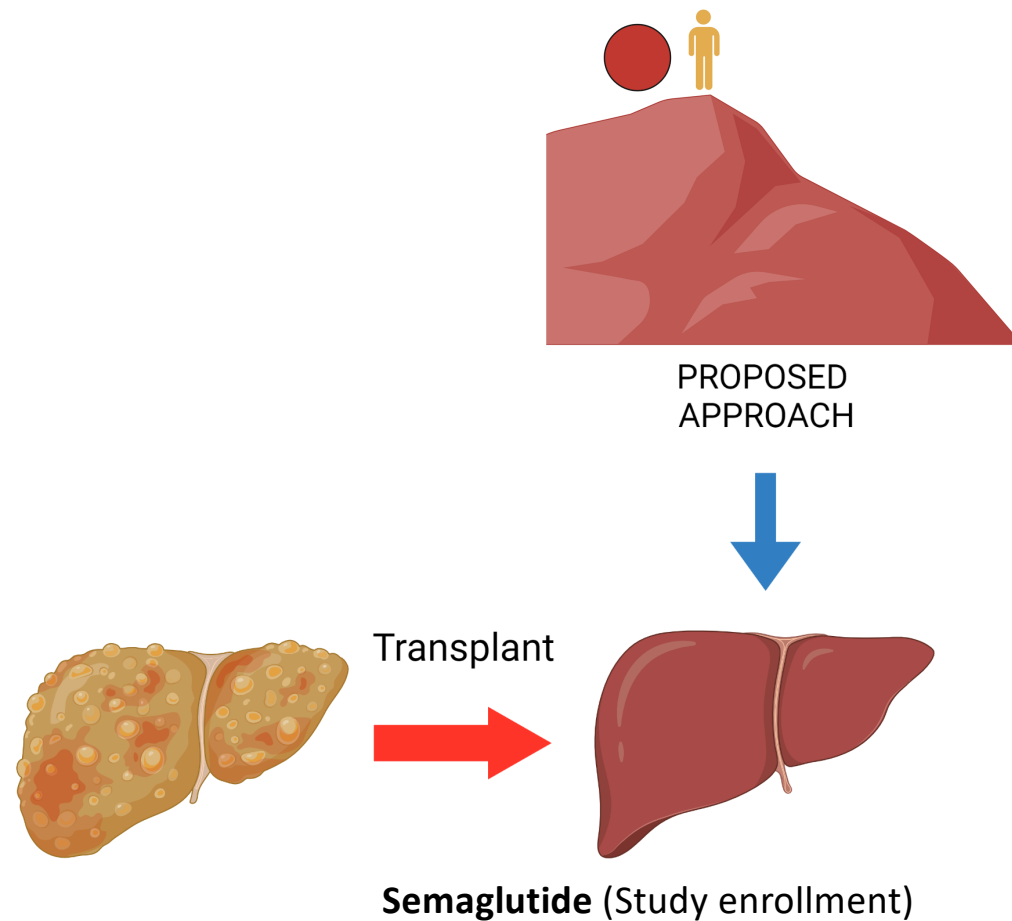
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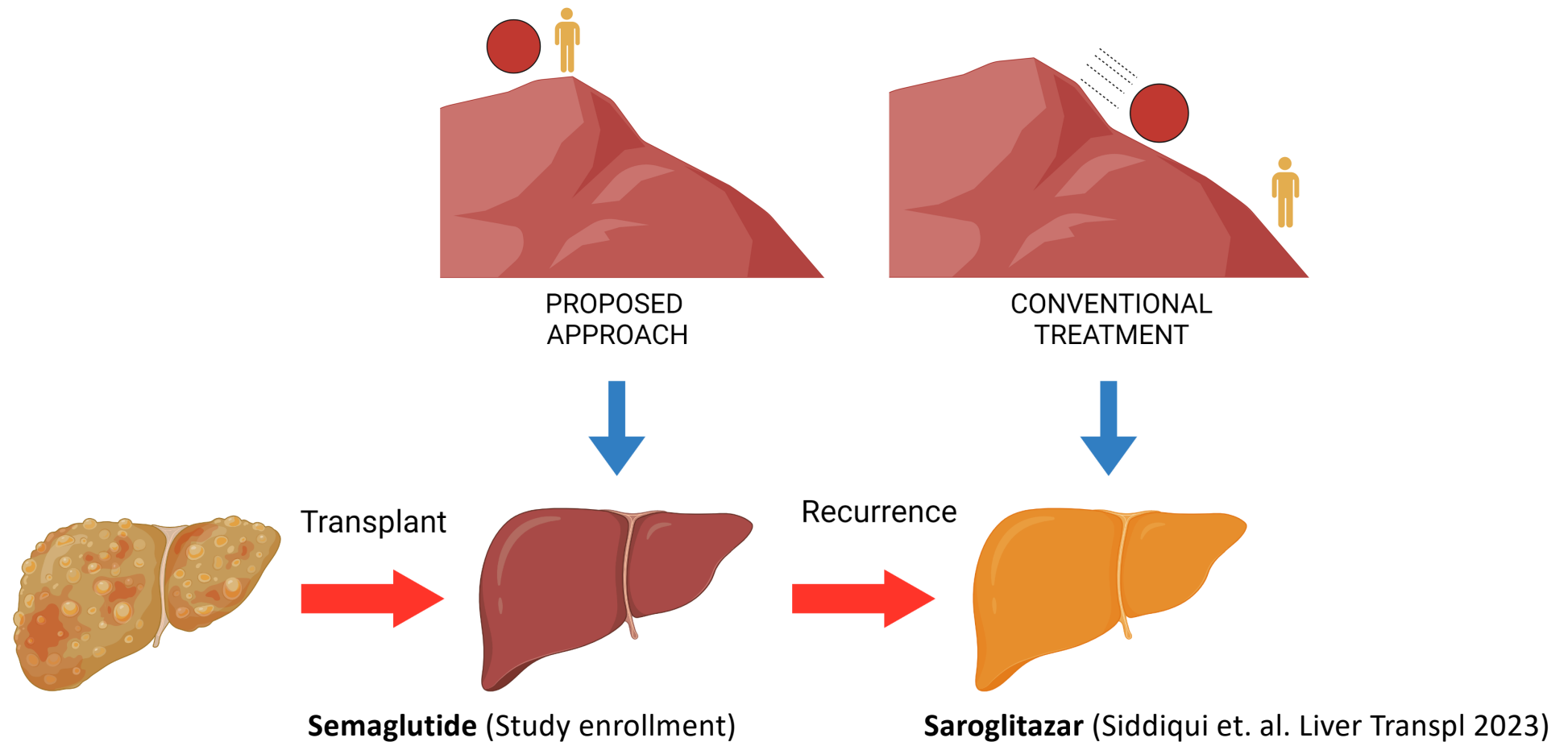
DISEASE MODIFIERS



Proposed Study Designs – Prevention Vs. Occurrence



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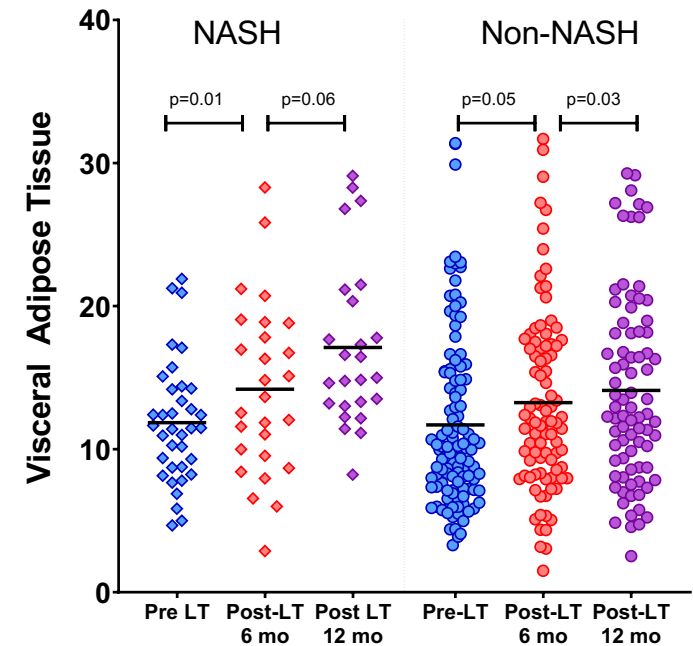
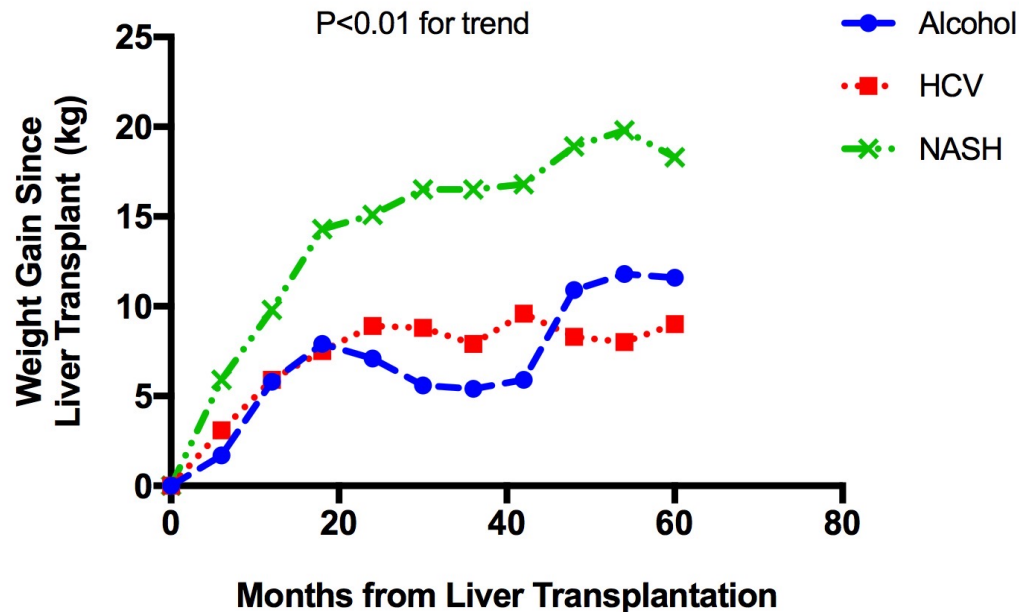




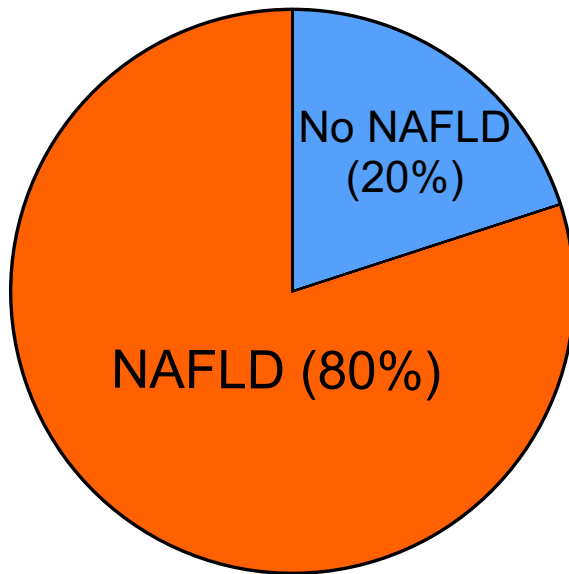
Special Consideration Specific to Liver Transplant Recipients

Disproportionately Higher Metabolic Risk in Patients Transplanted for MASH Cirrhosis

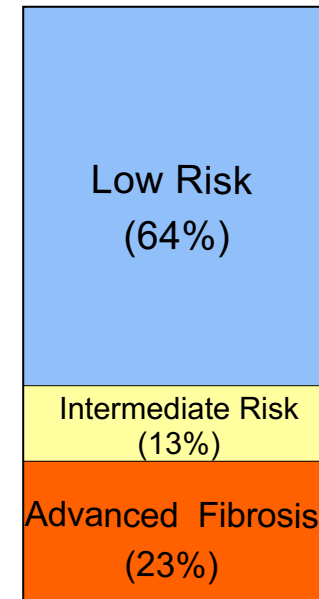
Routine societal approaches to weight loss is not effective in transplant patients



Negative Impact of the Environment on MASLD



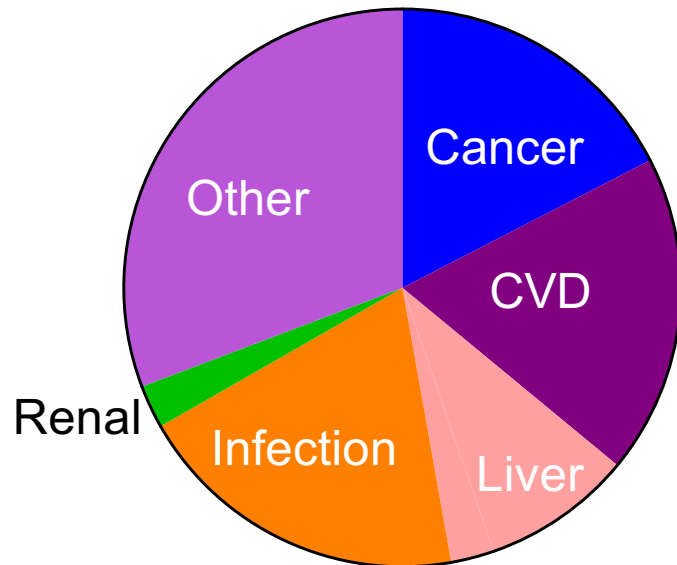
NAFLD Prevalence
(~25-30% in general population)



NAFLD Severity
(<1% advanced fibrosis in general population)

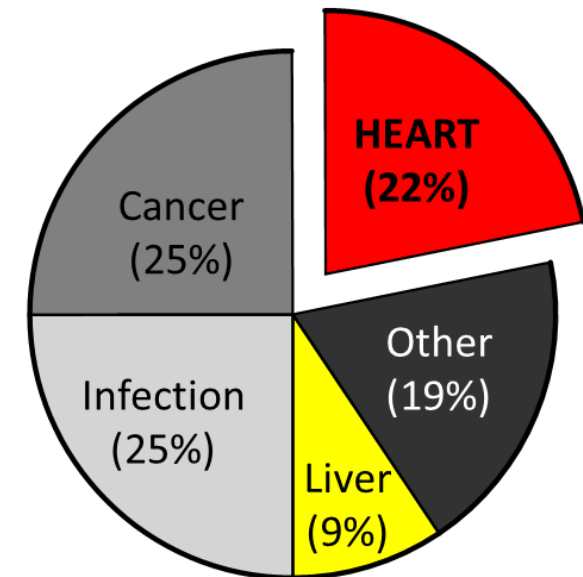
Liver is a Significant Contributor to Overall Mortality After Liver Transplantation

Multicenter Consortium (NailNASH)



Rinella et. al. Clin Gastro Hepatol 2022

Single center Experience (VCU)

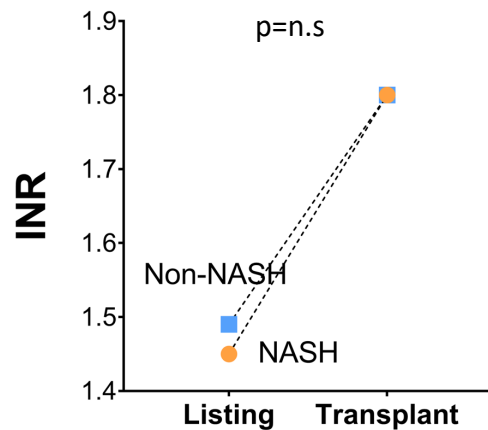


Bhati et. al. Transplantation 2018

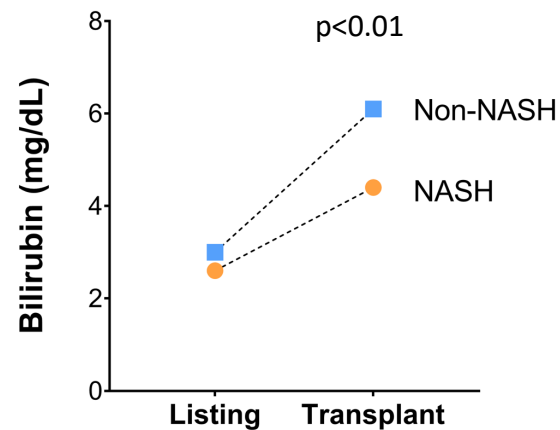
Components of MELD Score As Driver of Transplant

MELD SCORE

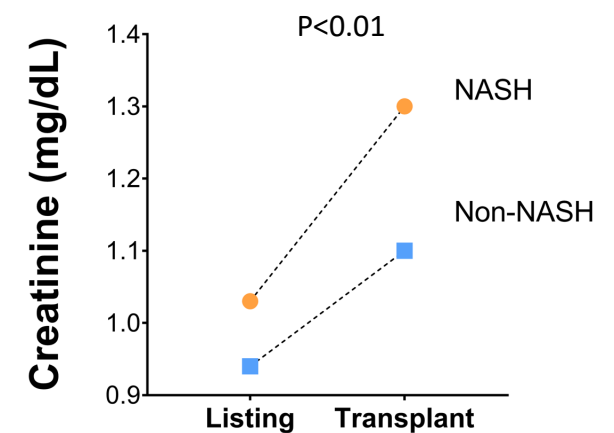
International Normalized Ratio (INR)



Bilirubin

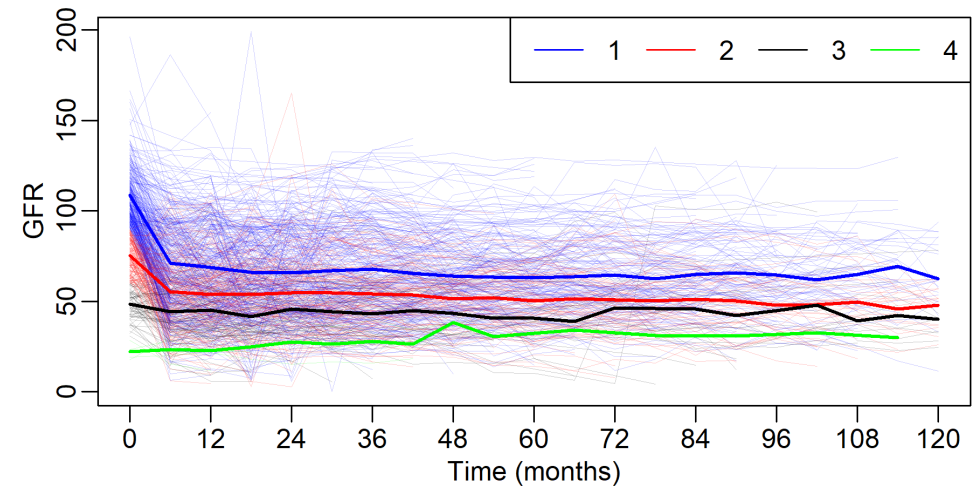
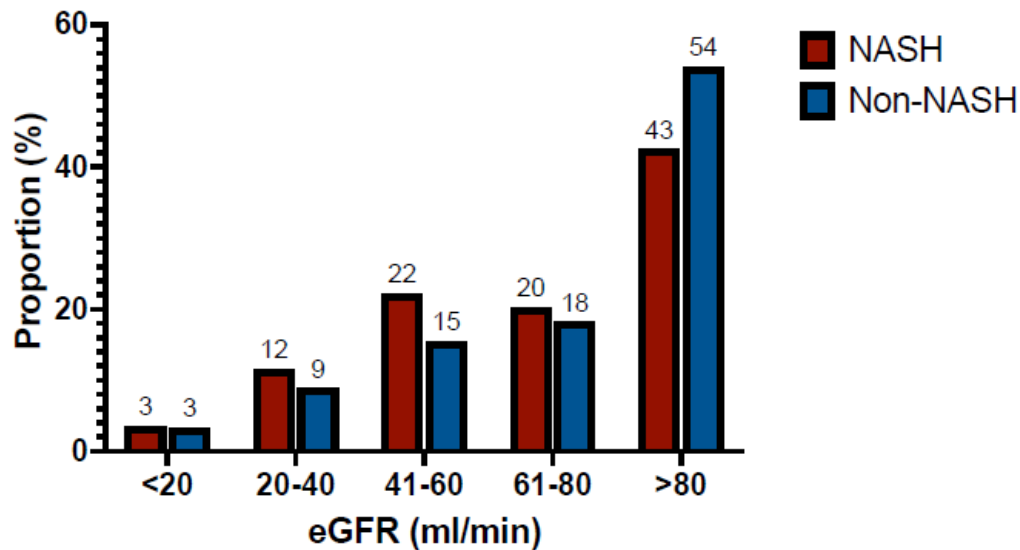


Creatinine



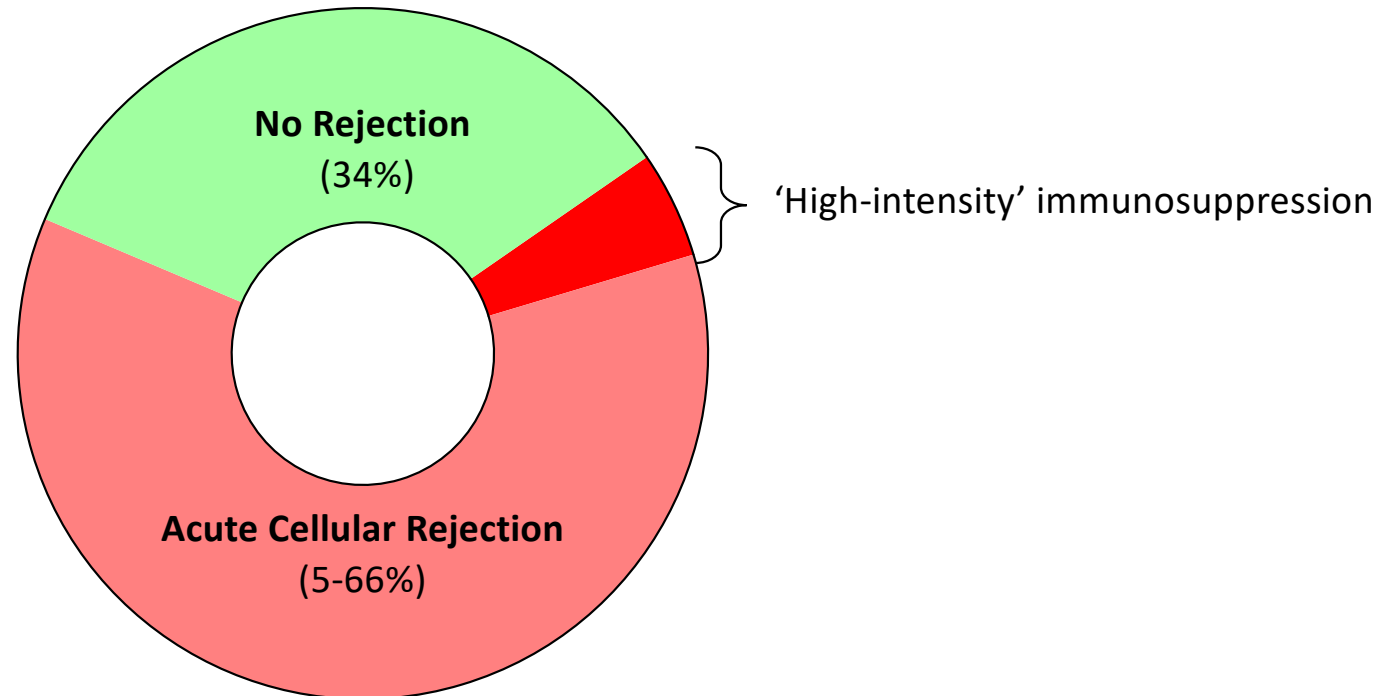
Renal Insufficiency is Common In Transplant Recipients, Particularly in Patients Transplanted for MASH Cirrhosis

80% of patients transplanted for MASH cirrhosis has $\text{GFR} < 60 \text{ mL/min/1.73m}^2$



Rejection in Liver Transplant Recipients

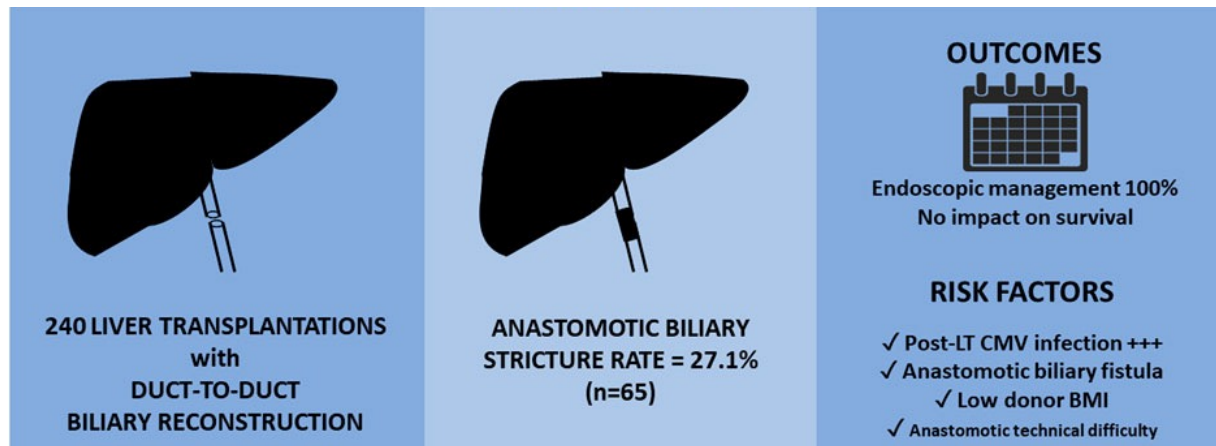
Meta-analysis 34 RCTs of immunosuppressive regimens



Study Participation and Rejection in Transplant Recipients

- ❖ Acute cellular rejections within 3 months should be excluded
- ❖ Development of rejection during clinical trials should lead to withdrawal from clinical trial
- ❖ Patients with chronic rejections should be excluded

Anastomotic Biliary Strictures are Common Following Transplant



- ❖ MRCP should be done at study entry
- ❖ Anastomotic biliary strictures that develop during study enrollment should be treated according to best practices
- ❖ As anastomotic strictures do not impact survival, patients can continue with study

Medical Consideration for Clinical Trials

- ❖ Drug-drug interactions
- ❖ Transplant for high-risk cancers (metastatic colon cancer, down-staged HCC, cholangiocarcinoma)
- ❖ Immunosuppression monitoring
- ❖ Impact on overall metabolic burden

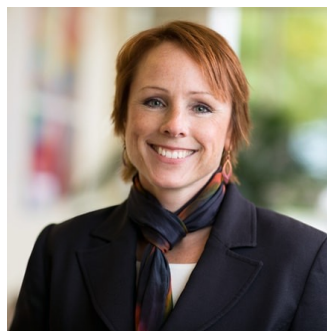
Key Summary Points

- ❖ MASH cirrhosis is rapidly growing indication for liver transplantation (LT)
- ❖ Occurrence (recurrence/de novo) MASLD is high with accelerated fibrosis progression
- ❖ Non-pharmacological interventions are not effective in LT recipients
- ❖ Trial design in post-LT MASLD need to account LT physiology (i.e. rejection, renal dysfunction, weight gain, etc.) with opportunity to innovate

Acknowledgements



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Thank You for Your Attention

